

### CONSTRUCTION OF NEW BUILDING FOR BOYS' PRIMARY SCHOOL AT BIRUR.

\*Q.—383. Sri D. H. RUDRAPPA (Birur).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government Boys Primary School Building at Birur was inspected by the Deputy Minister for Education, and if so, what was the opinion of the Government in constructing the new building for Boys School considering the dangerous position of the building ;

(b) whether it has come to the notice of the Government that children are put to inconvenience for want of accommodation in the school for the last two years ;

(c) whether any plan and estimate are prepared for the above building, and if so, the reasons for the delay in sanctioning the estimates ?

A.—Sri ANNARAO GANAMUKHI (Minister for Education).—

(a) Yes, there is need for a new building.

(b) Yes.

(c) Yes. The matter is under consideration.

ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ಹೆಚ್. ರುದ್ರಪ್ಪ.—ಡೆಪ್ಯುಟಿ ಮಿನಿಸ್ಟರವರು ಇನ್‌ಸ್ಟ್ರಕ್ಷನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಬಂದು ಎರಡು ವರ್ಷಗಳಾದರೂ ಈ ಪ್ರೈಮರಿ ಶಾಲೆಗೆ ಹೊಸ ಕಟ್ಟಡವಾಗುವ ಅಂದಾಜು ಏಕೆ ಇನ್ನೂ ಮಂಜೂರಾಗಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಅಣ್ಣಾರಾವ್ ಗಣಮುಖಿ.—ಡಿ. ಪಿ. ಐ.ರವರು ಎನ್ಟ್ರಿಮೇಟು ಮಾಡಿ ಸರಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಕಳುಹಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅದು ಸರಕಾರದ ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆಯಲ್ಲಿದೆ.

Sri D. H. RUDRAPPA.—What is the total estimate ?

Sri ANNARAO GANAMUKHI.—Rs. 38,000 for 10 rooms.

### PROPER REPRESENTATION IN GOVERNMENT SERVICE TO THE APPLICANTS FROM RURAL PARTS.

\*Q.—738. Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA (Hosadurga).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(a) whether it is not a fact that the Public Service Commission, while selecting the applicants for appointment, are not giving proper representation to the applicants from rural parts compared to urban area ;

(b) whether they will direct the Public Service Commission to give proper representation both to rural and urban areas in recruitment to Government services and that on the basis of the population or on the applications received from both the areas ?

A.—Sri B. D. JATTI (Chief Minister).—

(a) There is no rule that applicants from the rural parts should be preferred to applicants from urban areas in making selection for appointments. Hence, the question of the Public Service Commission giving preference or proper representation to applicants from rural areas does not arise?

(b) According to the existing rules, selection of candidates is made on the basis of merit subject to reservation for Backward Classes, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. No direction can, therefore, be given to the Public Service Commission to select candidates on the basis of population or on any other basis.

Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA.—Supplementary to (a): Is not the Government competent to direct the Public Service Commission to do Justice to the applications received from the rural areas?

†Sri B. D. JATTI.—It is unconstitutional to issue a directive to the Public Service Commission.

Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA.—Is it not a fact that injustice is going on in the Public Service Commission in selecting applicants to appointments and if so, is not the Government competent to take action in that matter?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—It is only a presumption on which the Hon'ble Member is speaking.

Sri G. N. PUTTANNA.—What is the basis on which applicants are considered?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—On the basis purely of merit subject to reservation for Backward Classes.

Sri G. N. PUTTANNA.—What is the basis on which applicants are considered, whether it is on marks or caste or community or length or height or bulk or what?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Qualifications are prescribed before the posts are advertised. According to the prescribed qualifications they will be tested either by examination or by interview or by both.

Sri G. N. PUTTANNA.—My question is not answered. The qualifications for recruitment are prescribed and only those with such qualifications would apply. Would the P. S. C. take any other thing into consideration apart from the marks obtained in the written examinations?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—The test prescribed and applied by the P. S. C. is merit.

Sri G. N. PUTTANNA.—What is merit? ಮೆರಿಟ್ ಅಂದರೆ ಎಗ್ಗಾ ಮಿನ್ನೆಷ್ ಮಾಡುವುದು ಬೇಡ. ಕ್ಯಾಂಡಿಡೇಟುಗಳನ್ನು ಸೆರೆಕ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡ ವಾಗ್ ಮಾರ್ಕ್ಸ್ ಅನುರುಪಿತರಾದವನ್ನು ಕಳಿಸಿದರ್ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರೋ ಅಥವಾ ಇನ್ನಾವುದಾದರೂ ಅರ್ಹತೆ ಕಳಿಸಿದರ್ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರೋ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—There are prescribed rules. Marks also form one of the consideration.

Sri G. N. PUTTANNA.—If that be the case; does not the Chief Minister think there is wide disparity between the rural and urban candidates in view of the fact that the urban candidates have the facility of being taught by highly qualified professors and teachers. Why not give a handicap allowance of 10 or 15 marks to the rural candidates?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—If the Hon'ble Member reads Article 16 (1) and 16(4), he will understand the position clearly.

Sri G. N. PUTTANNA.—It is a man-made law. It is not made by God. You can alter it.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—Is the Government aware that even in the reservations made to Backward Classes and Scheduled Castes, the people coming from rural areas are more backward and hence deserve special help?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—As far as I can understand, it is not possible for us to make a distinction between the rural and urban parts of the State in this matter.

Sri M. RAMAPPA.—Have the Government taken legal opinion in this matter?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Yes, Sir.

Sri M. RAMAPPA.—Who is that authority which gave this advice to Government.

Sri B. D. JATTI.—The legal pundits who have been appointed by Government and who are working in the Law Department.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.—ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ ಪ್ರದೇಶದವರಿಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ನೌಕರಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕುವುದು ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ದುರ್ಲಭವಾಗಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅವರಿಗೆ ನೌಕರಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕುವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಕಾಣಿಸ್ಕೊಟ್ಟುಪಾನ್ವಿನ್ನಲ್ಲೆಯೇ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಯತ್ನ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರಾ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.—ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರೆಲ್ಲರೂ ರೂರಲ್ ಏರಿಯಾದಿಂದ ಬರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿರುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ಅರ್ಜಿಯನ್ನು ದಿವಿಜನ್ ಕಮಿಷನನ್ನು ಅವರ ಅನುಕೂಲಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ನೇಮಕ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೇವೆ.

Sri C. K. RAJAI AH SHETTY.—In view of the lack of adequate educational facilities in rural parts, would Government consider the question of changing the present rules in order to give opportunities to people in the rural also?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Free and compulsory education is universal in our State.

Sri C. K. RAJAI AH SHETTY.—But Government would not give jobs to a person who has passed the primary standards.

Sri B. D. JATTI.—If the suggestion of the Hon'ble Member is to be accepted the Present standard of recruiting by merit has to be given the go-by and that would mean that efficiency would suffer.

Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA.—Is it not a fact that without recommendations to the Public Service Commission no one can get a job. What is the action taken the Government ?

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಯಾರ ಶಿಫಾರಸ್ಸು ?

Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA.—Without recommendations one cannot get an appointment through the P. S. C.

Mr. SPEAKER.—The recommendations of whom ?

Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA.—Recommendations of influential people.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Recommendations to whom ?

Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA.—Recommendations to the P.S.C. Members.

Mr. SPEAKER.—How can he say that. ?

Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA.—It is a fact, whether I am allowed to say it or not I maintain that it is a fact.

Mr. SPEAKER.—He cannot say that because the members of the P. S. C. are not here to defend themselves.

Sri M. RAMAPPA.—Have the Government interfered in the recruitment made by the P. S. C. because there have been some injustice on the part of the P. S. C.

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Government has not referred back to the P.S.C. because there is interference from any outside agency. We felt the information supplied to Government was insufficient and therefore we referred it back.

Sri M. RAMAPPA.—Have not Government referred back some lists in certain appointments because there was injustice done ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—No, Sir. In order to get some information and to get better clarification we have referred it to the P. S. C.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪಿ. ರೇವಣ ಸಿದ್ಧಪ್ಪ.—ಅವನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ನಿಜವಾಗಿ ಅನುಬಂಧಿಸಿ ಹೇಳುವುದು ಕಷ್ಟವಲ್ಲವೇ !

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.—ನಾನು ಈಗ ಮಾತನಾಡುವುದು ಅನುಬಂಧಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದೇ ; ಅನುಬಂಧಿಸುವುದಲ್ಲ.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—Is there any instance where Government have sent the list for reconsideration to the P. S. C.

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Government have not sent any list back for reconsideration. Government asked the P. S. C. to supply more information regarding certain candidates.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—My friend Mr. Shankarappa said that without influence one cannot get a job with the P. S. C.

Mr. SPEAKER.—He is repeating a question which has been disallowed.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—Was any complaint made by my friend Mr. Shankarappa that the Service Commission has departed from the policy laid down and have yielded to influence?

Mr. SPEAKER.—I do not allow that question. It is like putting the same wine in another bottle.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—After obtaining the necessary information or clarification from the P. S. C. did the Government have an occasion to send back the list to the P. S. C. for reconsideration?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—There was no occasion for us to send back the list for reconsideration.

Sri G. N. PUTTANNA.—Is the Government aware that at the time of selection the P. S. C. is giving grace marks. Is that done under the Constitution or under the orders of Government. Why not Government put an end to such things?

Mr. SPEAKER.—First of all he should ascertain whether grace marks are given.

Sri G. N. PUTTANNA.—Is the Government aware that the P. S. C. or the Selection Boards give grace marks for candidates at the time of interview?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Government is not aware of any grace marks being given by the P. S. C. to the candidates at the time of interview.

Sri G. N. PUTTANNA.—If that is the case, will Government call for the files from all the selection bodies and see that only the marks obtained at the time of examination is taken into consideration and not grace marks?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—It is hypothetical case. If such a case is brought to the notice of Government, it will be considered.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—Are not the Selection bodies or the P.S.C in the habit of giving marks for interview.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ದಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.—ಮಾರ್ಕ್ಸ್ ಕೊಡುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ಹೇಳಲ್ಪಟ್ಟ ಮತ್ತೆ ಗ್ರೇಸ್ ಮಾರ್ಕ್ಸ್ ಕೊಡುವ ವಿಷಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಇದುವರೆಗೆ ಕಂಡುಬಂದಿಲ್ಲ.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—The P. S. C. does not give grace marks at all. That is not the point. The real point is it not a principle that the recommendations of the P. S. C. are final and it is only a formal appointment order that is issued by Government. Have the Government of Mysore made any departure from the recommendations made by the P. S. C. Under the existing rules, they will have to be furnished to the Assembly.

Mr. SPEAKER.—That is before the House. There is a Report of the P. S. C. before us.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—Are the examinations written or oral ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Both.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—I am referring to this case. Not to cases in general. Were the examinations written or oral and if so, what is the proportion of marks between the oral and written examinations.

Sri B. D. JATTI.—There are oral and written examinations I do not exactly know the marks assigned to each of them.

1-30 P.M.

Sri M. RAMAPPA.—Is it not a fact that in a large number of appointments, there are no specific rules framed governing the matter of appointments and that is the reason why there is a latitude for the P.S.C. Members and that there is a lot of complaint against the P.S.C?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—There are recruitment rules. Without those rules, they cannot interview.

Sri C. K. RAJAIAN SHETTY.—Is it left to the P.S.C. to allot as many marks as it likes, or are there any rules?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—The procedure will have to be prescribed by the P.S.C.

Sri M. Y. GHORPADE.—Will the Government consider limiting the marks for personality tests to a certain percentage of the total marks?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—That is a matter left to the P.S.C.

Sri M. Y. GHORPADE.—Is that laid down by the Government or the P.S.C?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—The marks given at the interview is decided by the P.S.C.

Sri M. Y. GHORPADE.—The total marks for interview should not be more than a certain percentage of total marks. Are Government considering putting any such restrictions?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—We have not put any such restrictions.

Sri V. SRINIVASA SHETTY.—The Chief Minister was pleased to say that it is for the P.S.C. to fix the prescribed rules as regards oral examination. Am I to understand that the P.S.C. could fix as many marks as they like for oral examinations and as many marks as they like for written examinations?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Rules are prescribed for recruitment and giving of marks are adopted by the members of the P.S.C.

Sri V. SRINIVASA SHETTY.—Are there any fixed rules for allotment of marks for oral examination and written examinations?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Government has not prescribed any rules for oral examinations.

Sri V. SRINIVASA SHETTY.—Are not Government in control of allotment of marks?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—If it is necessary, Government will prescribe rules and Government can ask the P.S.C. to limit marks.

Sri V. SRINIVASA SHETTY.—Have the Government not felt the necessity to limit marks for oral tests?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—So far, no such necessity has arisen to put a limit for marks.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—Are there no rules fixed by Government for P.S.C. to be governed?

Mr. SPEAKER.—It has already been answered.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—I want to know whether there are any set of rules governing the procedure of P.S.C. in conducting examinations.

Sri B. D. JATTI.—For conducting written examinations, there are a set of rules. For oral interviews, they prescribe certain number of marks.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಲಂಗೇಗೌಡ.—ಈ ವಿಚಾರದಲ್ಲಿ P.S.C. ಗೂ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರಿಗೂ ವಿನಾದರೂ ಭಿನ್ನಾಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳಿವೆಯೇ ?

Mr. SPEAKER.—That is outside the scope of the question.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—Is it not true that the approved rules framed by the P.S.C. are sent to Government and that the Government approves these rules and places a copy of these rules on the table of the House?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Before rules are approved by the Government, generally the Government will consider and take the opinion of the P.S.C., and a copy of the rules framed are placed on the Table of the House.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—I am only asking whether the procedure suggested is correct. If Government have a voice for approving the draft rules of the P.S.C., it is all right. And, when once they are placed on the Table of the House, this House has a right to alter the rules. In view of the views expressed here, does not Government feel it necessary to take action in consultation with the P.S.C. to revise the existing rules both regarding marks to be given at the interviews and the marks to be given at the written examinations?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—If Government comes to the conclusion that there is injustice done to any candidate, then this question will arise, and then Government will consider the question.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—In a large number of cases, there are no written examinations. If so, what are the categories of appointments where written examinations are conducted?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—A separate question may be put. I will have to supply all the details. There are a number of examinations. Mostly,

they are oral examinations and in many cases there are written examinations also.

Sri C. K. RAJAIAN SHETTY.—Cannot Government prescribe rules for the P.S.C. in the conduct of oral and written examination?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—There are sufficient rules and the P.S.C. are following them.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—Is it not desirable to provide rules restricting the maximum number of marks that could be given in interviews?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—That Government has not done so far. If it is necessary, Government will consider.

# SHORT TERM, MEDIUM TERM AND LONG TERM LOANS SANCTIONED AND DISTRIBUTED BY THE DISTRICT CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK, KOLAR.

\*Q.—744. Sri J. VENKATAPPA (Sidlaghatta).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(a) the amount of short term, medium term and long term loans sanctioned and distributed through District Central Co-operative Bank, Kolar, during the years 1959-60 and 1960-61 ;

(b) the amount so far paid in Gauribidanur Taluk in each case during the said years and the purpose for which loans were sanctioned ;

(c) whether it is a fact that in many cases the loans were distributed to the parties without sanction of records ;

(d) whether it has been noticed by the Reserve Bank while auditing the accounts ?

A.—Sri MALI MARIYAPPA (Minister for Co-operation).—

(a) Year	Short term loans issued	Medium term loan issued
1959-60	26,42,005	9,37,355
1960-61	52,79,892	32,90,722

(No long term loans are issued by the District Central Co-operative Bank, Kolar).

## *Loans issued in Gauribidanur Taluk.*

(b) Year	Short term	Medium term
1959-60	4,40,640	5,74,602
1960-61	12,07,859	6,26,250

Short term loans are issued for seasonal agricultural operations and medium term loans are issued for the following purposes :—

1. for digging of wells ;